Volume VI

None.

Volume VII

None.

## General Wage Determination Publication

General wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts, including those noted above, may be found in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon and Related Acts." This publication is available at each of the 50 Regional Government Depository Libraries and many of the 1,400 Government Depository Libraries across the country.

The general wage determinations issued under the Davis-Bacon and related Acts are available electronically by subscription to the FedWorld Bulletin Board System of the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) of the U.S. Department of Commerce at 1–800–363–2068.

Hard-copy subscriptions may be purchased from: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800.

When ordering hard-copy subscription(s), be sure to specify the State(s) of interest, since subscriptions may be ordered for any or all of the seven separate volumes, arranged by State. Subscriptions include an annual edition (issued in January or February) which includes all current general wage determinations for the States covered by each volume. Throughout the remainder of the year, regulator weekly updates are distributed to subscribers.

Signed at Washington, DC this 31st day of January 2001.

#### Carl J. Poleskey,

Chief, Branch of Construction Wage Determinations.

[FR Doc. 01–3041 Filed 2–8–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–27–M

### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## Office of Labor-Management Standards

Interpretation of the "Advice"
Exemption in Section 203(c) of the
Labor-Management Reporting and
Disclosure Act

**AGENCY:** Office of Labor-Management Standards, Employment Standards Administration, Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice; further deferral of enforcement action.

**SUMMARY:** Consistent with the memorandum of January 20, 2001, from the Assistant to the President and Chief of Staff, entitled "Regulatory Review Plan," published in the Federal Register on January 24, 2001 (66 FR 7702), this action temporarily delays for 60 days the date on which the Office of Labor-Management Standards will begin to enforce the interpretation set forth in a notice published in the Federal Register on January 11, 2001 (66 FR 2782). The temporary 60-day delay is necessary to give Department officials the opportunity for further review and consideration of this matter.

**DATES:** The interpretation of the "advice" exemption in Section 203(c) of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959, as amended, published in the **Federal Register** on January 11, 2001 was to have commenced on February 10, 2001. It shall instead commence on April 11, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kay H. Oshel, Chief, Division of Interpretations and Standards, Office of Labor-Management Standards, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., room N–5605, Washington, DC, (202) 693–1233 (this is not a toll free number).

Signed at Washington, DC, this 6th day of February, 2001.

#### Joe N. Kennedy,

Acting Assistant Secretary of Labor for Employment Standards.

[FR Doc. 01–3476 Filed 2–8–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–86–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

## Mine Safety and Health Administration

#### **Petitions for Modification**

The following parties have filed petitions to modify the application of existing safety standards under section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977.

#### 1. Aracoma Coal Company

[Docket No. M-2000-170-C]

Aracoma Coal Company, P.O. Box 470, Stollings, West Virginia 25646 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 75.1700 (oil and gas wells) to its Alma Mine No. 1 (I.D. No. 46–08801) located in Logan County, West Virginia. The petitioner proposes to plug and mine through gas wells using specific procedures outlined in this petition for modification. The petitioner asserts that the proposed

alternative method would provide at least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

## 2. Canyon Fuel Company, LLC

[Docket No. M-2000-171-C]

Canyon Fuel Company, P.O. Box 1029, Wellington, Utah 84542 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 75.350 (air courses and belt haulage entries) to its Dugout Canyon Mine (I.D. No. 46-01890) located in Carbon County, Utah. The petitioner requests a modification of the existing standard to permit the belt haulage entry to be used at the return entry during two-entry longwall panel development and as an intake entry to provide additional face ventilation during longwall panel retreat mining. The petitioner proposes to install a lowlevel carbon monoxide monitoring system in all sections where the belt entry is used as either an intake or return air course and in the primary intake entries. The petitioner asserts that application of the existing standard would result in a diminution of safety to the miner and that the proposed alternative method would provide at least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

#### 3. Canyon Fuel Company, LLC

[Docket No. M-2000-172-C]

Canvon Fuel Company, LLC, P.O. Box 1029, Wellington, Utah 84542 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 75.352 (return air courses) to its Dugout Canyon Mine (I.D. No. 46-01890) located in Carbon County, Utah. The petitioner requests a modification of the existing standard to permit the belt haulage entry to be used at the return entry during two-entry longwall panel development and as an intake entry to provide additional face ventilation during longwall panel retreat mining. The petitioner proposes to install a low-level carbon monoxide monitoring system in all sections where the belt entry is used as either an intake or return air course and in the primary intake entries. The petitioner asserts that application of the existing standard would result in a diminution of safety to the miner and that the proposed alternative method would provide at least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

### 4. ASARCO Incorporated

[Docket No. M-2000-010-M]

ASARCO Incorporated, P.O. Box 460, Strawberry Plains, Tennessee 37871 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 57.11055 (inclined escapeways) which requires that vertical shafts over 300 feet be equipped with an emergency hoisting facility. The petition applies to the Cov Mine (I.D. No. 40-00166) located in Jefferson County, Tennessee. The petitioner requests a modification of the existing standard for the purpose of complying with Program Policy Letter P00-IV-5 and 30 CFR 57.11050(a), which requires that all mines must have two continuously functional escapeways at all times. The petitioner proposes to use a vertical ladderway as an emergency escapeway, and as a secondary means of escape within the primary escapeway in the event of an extended power failure or repair to a damaged hoist, to avoid hazards that are created by repeated unnecessary mine evacuations. The petitioner asserts that application of PPL P00-IV-5 and 30 CFR 57.11050(a) would result in a diminution of safety to the miners and that the proposed alternative method would provide at least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

#### 5. New Tech Oil Company

[Docket No. M-2001-001-M]

New Tech Oil Company, P.O. Box 68, Kaycee, Wyoming 82639 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 57.11050(a) (escapeways and refuges) to its North Tisdale Shaft No. 1 Mine (I.D. No. 48–01147) located in Johnson County, Wyoming. The petitioner requests a modification of the existing standard to permit its man cage hoist and ladder man-way to be used as two separate escapeways. The petitioner asserts that the proposed alternative method would provide at least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

#### 6. New Tech Oil Company

[Docket No. M-2001-002-M]

New Tech Oil Company, P.O. Box 68, Kaycee, Wyoming 82639 has filed a petition to modify the application of 30 CFR 57.19054 (rope guides) to its North Tisdale Shaft No. 1 Mine (I.D. No. 48-01147) located in Johnson County, Wyoming. The petitioner proposes to use bridge strand wire rope in shafts as rope guides. The petitioner states that: (i) the locked coil rope is no longer produced in the United States; (ii) the three remaining manufacturers will not produce small quantities of the locked coil rope that is required for the Tech Oil Company's North Tisdale Shaft No. 1 Mine; and (iii) the bridge strand wire rope would be  $1-\frac{1}{4}$  inches, 1 x 36 construction, structural strands. The petitioner asserts that the proposed alternative method would provide at

least the same measure of protection as the existing standard.

#### **Request for Comments**

Persons interested in these petitions are encouraged to submit comments via e-mail to "comments@msha.gov," or on a computer disk along with an original hard copy to the Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, Mine Safety and Health Administration, 4015 Wilson Boulevard, Room 627, Arlington, Virginia 22203. All comments must be postmarked or received in that office on or before March 12, 2001. Copies of these petitions are available for inspection at that address.

Dated: February 1, 2001.

#### David L. Meyer,

Director, Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances.

[FR Doc. 01–3377 Filed 2–8–01; 8:45 am]

# NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

# Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

**AGENCY:** National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

**ACTION:** Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records schedules). Once approved by NARA, records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. They authorize the preservation of records of continuing value in the National Archives of the United States and the destruction, after a specified period, of records lacking administrative, legal research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules in which agencies propose to destroy records not previously authorized for disposal or reduce the retention period of records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a).

**DATES:** Requests for copies must be received in writing on or before March 26, 2001. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. NARA staff usually prepare appraisal

memorandums that contain additional information concerning the records covered by a proposed schedule. These, too, may be requested and will be provided once the appraisal is completed. Requesters will be given 30 days to submit comments.

**ADDRESSES:** To request a copy of any records schedule identified in this notice, write to the Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001. Requests also may be transmitted by FAX to 301-713-6852 or by e-mail to records.mgt@arch2.nara.gov. Requesters must cite the control number, which appears in parentheses after the name of the agency which submitted the schedule, and must provide a mailing address. Those who desire appraisal reports should so indicate in their request.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marie Allen, Director, Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Telephone: (301) 713–7110. E-mail: records.mgt@arch2.nara.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA's approval, using the Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority. These schedules provide for the timely transfer into the National Archives of historically valuable records and authorize the disposal of all other records after the agency no longer needs them to conduct its business. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as permanent.

No Federal records are authorized for destruction without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted only after a thorough consideration of their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and whether or not they have historical or other value.